Assignment

Sept23/ DBT/ 008

Database Technologies

Diploma in Advance Computing

September 2023

**Aggregate Functions.**

USE ***student\_phone, student\_address, faculty\_phone, faculty\_address, batch\_students, course\_batches, student\_qualifications, faculty\_qualifications, course\_modules, modules, faculty, student, course, student\_cards, and student\_order*** relation to solve the following queries.

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| --- |
| 1. Count total number of students. |
| Select count(\*) from student; |
|  |
| 1. Count total number of students who are born in 1986. |
| Select count(\*) from student where year(dob)=1986; |
|  |
| 1. Count total number of students whose namefirst starts with the letter ‘B’. |
| select count(\*) from student where namefirst like "b%"; |
|  |
| 1. Count total number student who were born in ‘July. |
| SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM STUDENT WHERE MONTH(DOB)=7; |
|  |
| 1. Display studentID and count the student who are having more than two phones. |
| Select studentid , count(\*) from student\_phone group by studentid having count(\*) >2 ; |
|  |
| 1. Count unique universities from student\_qualifications table. |
| Select count(distinct university) from student\_qualifications; |
|  |
| 1. Display the university name and the count of those students who have done ‘BE’ |
| Select university , count(\*) from student\_qualifications having name =”be”; |
|  |
| 1. Count how many students has done ‘BE’. |
| select count(\*) from student\_qualifications where name='be'; |
|  |
| 1. Count how many students has not done ‘BE’. |
| select count(\*) from student\_qualifications where name not in("be" , 10,12) ; |
|  |
| 1. Find the maximum marks student got in ‘BE’. |
|  |
|  |
| 1. Find the minimum marks student got in ‘BE’. |
| select min(marks) from student\_qualifications where name in('be'); |
|  |
| 1. Count how many course\_batches have started on ’2016-02-01’. |
| select name, date(starton) from course\_batches where starton='2016-02-01'; |
|  |
| 1. Count the number of students who have more than 60% in ‘BE’. |
| select count(\*), name from student\_qualifications where marks > 60 and name="be" group by name ; |
|  |
| 1. Count the number of students who have more than 60% in ‘BE’ and done from ‘Harvard university’. |
| select count(\*), name from student\_qualifications where marks > 60 and name="be" and university= "Harvard University" group by name ; |
|  |
| 1. Count number of courses. |
| select count(\*) from course; |
|  |
| 1. Count how many distinct universities from student\_qualifications table. |
| select distinct university from student\_qualifications; |
|  |
| 1. Find the maximum marks any student has got in “BE”. |
| select max(marks) from student\_qualifications where name="be"; |
|  |